

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

	0625 PHYSICS
0625/01	Paper 1 (Multiple Choice), maximum mark 40
0625/02	Paper 2 (Core), maximum mark 80
0625/03	Paper 3 (Extended), maximum mark 80
0625/05	Paper 5 (Practical), maximum mark 60
0625/06	Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40

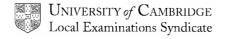
These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the November 2003 examination.

	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark available	А	С	E	F	
Component 1	40	-	27	23	19	
Component 2	80	-	51	39	29	
Component 3	80	54	33	-	-	
Component 5	60	49	39	31	24	
Component 6	40	31	24	18	13	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.



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MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/01

PHYSICS

Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	1

Question Number	Key	Question Number	Key
1	D	21	Α
2	С	22	D
3	Α	23	С
4	С	24	В
5	С	25	Α
6	В	26	В
7	С	27	В
8	Α	28	В
9	С	29	В
10	D	30	D
11	D	31	С
12	В	32	С
13	D	33	В
14	D	34	В
15	D	35	В
16	Α	36	С
17	D	37	Α
18	Α	38	Α
19	В	39	С
20	В	40	Α

TOTAL 40



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

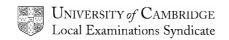
MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/02

PHYSICS

Paper 2 (Core)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	PHYSICS - NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2

NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For

a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen

in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend.

For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in the candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark,

then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points

to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the

equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or

allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means 'correct answer only'.

e.c.f. means 'error carried forward'. This indicates that if a candidate has

made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applied to marks annotated

'e.c.f.'.

e.e.o.o. means 'each error or omission'.

Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate

wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the

mark is scored for '10', regardless of the unit given.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates that this **must** be seen in the answer offered, or something

very similar.

Un.pen. means 'unit penalty'. An otherwise correct answer will have one mark

deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing

units are condoned.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for

scoring the marks.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2

Q	UEST	<u>ION</u>	<u>SCHEME</u>	TARGET GRADE	MARK
1	(a)	(i)	G within block, to left of vertical through midpoint or AB	 F	B1
		(ii)	Vertical line shown through A	С	B1
	(b)		A	F	M1
			more stable (or equivalent statement) e.g. less likely to topple or "weight within base"	F	A1
	(c)		so it does not topple over (or equivalent)	F	<u>B1</u>
					_5
2			reference mark on wheel	*"(use stopw	
			datum line (could be "top" or "bottom")	time" gets of these	only one
			*start timing/stopwatch as mark passes datum line		
			time a number of rotations (accept 1 here)	5C	B5
			time at least 20 rotations	ıy 5	
			*stop stopwatch		
			divide time by number of rotations		
			repeat		
			make sure stopwatch at zero		<u>5</u>
3			gravitational OR potential OR PE OR GPE	F	B1
			motion OR KE OR kinetic		
			heat/internal/thermal any order (-1 eeoo)	3F	В3
			sound		
			heat (accept potential)	С	B1
			OR internal/thermal		
			NOT strain potential/NOT chemical potential		
			NOT sound, even as an extra		<u>5</u>
4	(a)		vehicle 2	F	M1
			large(r) area (in contact with ground)	С	A1
			low/less pressure	С	A1
			less likely to sink/get stuck	F	A1
	(b)	(i)	small area	F	C1
			large pressure	F	B1
		(ii)	(weight spread over) large(r) area NOT body area	С	B1
			small/less pressure	С	B1
			reference to weight somewhere in (b)	С	<u>B1</u>
					<u>9</u>
5	(a)	(i)	ray perpendicular to surface at A (by eye)	F	B1
		(ii)	normal at B correct (by eye)	F	B1
		(iii)	ray refracted down at B, but NOT along surface	С	B1
		(iv)	normal at D correct (by eye)	F	B1
		(v)	ray refracted up at D, but NOT along surface	С	B1

	Page 3			Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	(b)		PHYSICS - NO	OVEMBER 2003	0625	2
			converging OR will meet OR "opposite"	C *only if diagr	B1 am acceptable	
			same deviation (or equivalentsame"	t) OR "angles of refraction	С	B1
	(c)		straight on OR split (depending change (indirection) OR not re	ng on thickness of "ray") OR no efracted	F	<u>B1</u> <u>8</u>
6	(a)	(i)	speed		F	B1
		(ii)	frequency, ALLOW waveleng	th	С	B1
		(iii)	wavelength		F	B1
	(b)		gamma OR γ OR cosmic		С	<u>B1</u>
			condone x-rays as an extra			<u>4</u>
7	(a)		straight line sloping up to righ	nt	F	B1
			through origin		F	B1
	(b)	(i)	voltmeter OR multimeter on v	volts range (condone spelling)	F	B1
		(ii)	potential difference OR p.d. 0	OR volts/voltage (no e.c.f.)	F	B1
		(iii)	ammeter OR multimeter on c spelling)	urrent/amps range (condone	F	B1
		(iv)	current OR intensity OR amp e.c.f.) NOT A	s/amperes OR ampage (no	F	B1
		(v)	evidence of 7.5		F	C1
			evidence of 0.3		F	C1
			7.5/0.3 OR V/I OR volts/curre	ent e.c.f. if written down	С	C1
			25 e.c.f. only if V/I used		С	A1
			$\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ or ohm		С	B1
		(vi)	hisR/50		F	C1
			$0.5 \; (\Omega/m) \; e.c.f.$		С	<u>A1</u>
						<u>13</u>
8	(a)		EITHER	OR		
			iron filings	(plotting) compass	F	B1
			NOT "put" sprinkle/spread/pour/scatter	place near end of magnet	F	B1
			tap card	mark end(s) of compass	С	B1
			further detail	further detail	С	B1
	(b)		attraction of compass S pole			
			repulsion of compass N pole			
			attraction of S pole of anothe	r magnet any 1	F	B1
			repulsion of N pole of anothe	r magnet		
			attraction of Earth's N pole			
			repulsion of Earth's S pole	J		<u>5</u>

	Pag	je 4	PHY	Mark S SICS – NO	cheme VEMBER 2003	Syllabus 0625	Paper 2
•	(a)	(i)	decreases			F	M1
			by 2			С	A1
		(ii)	decreases			F	M1
			by 2			С	A1
		(iii)	decreases			С	B1
	(b)		66 (yrs)			F	C1
			evidence of 3 half-l	ives		С	C1
			fraction 1/8 seen or	r implied		С	C1
			400			С	<u>A1</u>
							<u>9</u>
0	(a)		noints plotted corre	octly + _ sr	mall square (_1 eeoo) ignore	3F	В3
				_	nall square (–1 eeoo) ignore		
	/ b\		0,0 (–1 for very larg		OT point circled on graph	_	B1
	(b)				PT point circled on graph	F	
	(c)				efore (for same load increase) tional limit in some way	С	B1
	(d)		EITHER		OR		
			measure unloaded ALLOW "measure s NOT extension		idea of fixed end and free end	F	B1
			measure loaded lerextension	ngth NOT	note position of free end, no load	F	B1
			subtract		measure movt. free end,	F	<u>B1</u>
					loaded		<u>8</u>
1	(a)	(i)	100			F	B1
		(ii)	0			F	B1
		(iii)	indication to the lef	t of 0°C ma	rk	С	B1
	(b)		expansion of a soli	d			
			expansion of a gas	/pressure c	f a gas		
			current/pd/e.m.f. of	a thermoc	ouple		
			conductivity/resista	nce of a co	nductor/wire/thermistor an	y 1 C	B1
			colour of a hot wire				
			melting of a wax				
			NOT expansion of	alcohol AC	CEPT density of a liquid		<u>4</u>
2	(a)		$N_1/N_2 = V_1/V_2$ in	any form		F	C1
			8000/N ₂ = 240/6 or	r correct su	bstitution into correct equation	F	C1
					or 20 if 800 used instead of g must be shown)	F	A1
	(b)	(i)	200 e.c.f. i.e. his (a	a)		F	B1
		(ii)	400 e.c.f. i.e. 2 x h	is (a) , evalı	uated	С	<u>B1</u>
							<u>5</u>



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/03

PHYSICS

Paper 3 (Extended)

	F	Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	er
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	3	
1	(a) (i)	7(.0 s)			A 1	
	(ii)	PQ or 0 -	- 2s or other correct description		A 1	
		distance :	= av. speed x time or area under graph		C1	
		distance	11 x 2 m= 22 m		A 1	4
	(b) (i)	decelerat	ion (now) uniform (test 2)		B1	
			wer (average) value/value between that of PQ and QR/takes) time to come to rest.	s longer	B1	
	(ii)	decelerat	ion = change in speed/time or 15/8		C1	
		value = 1	.9 m/s ²		A 1	4
	(c) (i)	graph sho	ows constant acceleration		B1	
		force = m	a (and m is also constant) so force is constant		B1	
	(ii)	towards t	he centre of the motion/circle		A 1	3
						[11]
2	(a)	pressure	= depth x g x density of water		C1	
		pressure	= 50 x 10 x 1000		C1	
		so value i	is 500 000 Pa or N/m²		A 1	3
	(b)	force = pr	ressure x area in any form		C1	
		force = 50	00 000 x 0.15 x 0.07		C1	
		force = 52	250 N		A1	3
						[6]
3	(a)	one slight	tly nearer the centre than the other		C1	
		20 kg is tl	he nearer one to the pivot		A1	2
	(b)	Clockwise	e moments = anticlockwise moments (about point/pivot)		A 1	1
		(accept o	pposite directions and equal)			
	(c)	18x2.5=2	0xB		C1	
		distance :	= 2.25(m)		A1	2
						[5]
4	(a)	Some hav	ve extra/more energy than others		B1	
		most ene	rgetic leave surface/ break liquid bonds etc		B2	M2

B1 B1

C1

C1

A1

2

3 [7]

evaporation occurs strictly at the surface/at all temperature

sp.latent heat = energy/mass evaporated or 60 x 120/3.2

energy supplied = Wt /60 x 120

value is 2250 J/g

boiling occurs throughout liquid/ at one temperature (at normal at. pr.)/100°C

(b)

(c)

F	Page 2	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Pape	er
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 0625	3	
(b) (i)	size of me	ovement/change in length of liquid column per degree	В1	
(ii)		n length (of liquid column) same for all degrees	В1	2
(,	onango n	riongur (or inquia ociariir) came for all acgrees	σ.	- [5]
6 (a)	3 more ro	oughly circular	B1	[-]
(4)		clearly circular, stop (well) clear of barrier and centred on slit	B1	
		th constant throughout, both sides of barrier	B1	3
(b)	-	yth – speed/frequency in any form	C1	J
(6)	_	abstituted correctly	C1	
	answer 6	•	A1	3
	answero	X 10 III	Aı	
7 (0)	two data	marked F. analy F. O am from the land	A2	[6] 2
7 (a)		marked F, each 5.0 cm from the lens		
(b)		rect ray one mark	M2	2
(c)		nage, labeled I	A1	1
(d)		s along the axis undeviated/object distance same for all object/rays meet at tance on image/image distance same for all image	B1	1
(e)	magnifyir	ng glass/eyepiece of telescope or microscope	B1	1
				[7]
8 (a) (i)	0-6 (V) po	ositive and negative	A 1	
(ii)	all waves	roughly 6V amplitude	B1	
	3 waves a	approx. one wave every 0.1 s	B1	3
(b)	any ment	ion of magnetic field	B1	
	coils (for	ced to) cut magnetic field	B1	
	includes e	e.m.f./voltage/current in the coils	B1	
	as in Fler	ming's R.H. rule	B1	М3
(c)	mechanic	cal energy/work (in)/kinetic energy	B1	
	electrical	(out) (+ heat) (ignore sound)	B1	2
				[8]
9 (a) (i)	regular (b	out)/not normal (sine) wave/several waves added together etc.	B1	
(ii)	1.6(V)		A 1	
(iii)	connect k	known voltage to Y plates (without any changes to C.R.O.)	В1	
` ,		igainst screen values	В1	4
(b) (i)		(accept 6 or any value in range 6.0 to 6.2)	A 1	
(ii)	, ,	10 cm or 5 ms per cm e.c.f.	C1	
()		5 ms or 31 ms	A 1	
(iii)		e in time of runners finishing race or other timing between two closely	B1	4
(/	separated		= •	[8]
				r_1

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	3

10 (a)	current = power/voltage or 150/12		C1	
	value is 12.5 A		A1	2
(b) (i)	sum of currents at junction = current after junction/12.5 A = 5.0 A + I			
	value is 7.5 A		A 1	
(ii)	power = VI or is 7.5 x 12 e.c.f from (i)		C1	
	value is 90 W		A 1	
(iii)	(iii) resistance = voltage/current or 12/7.5 e.c.f. from (i) but not from (a)			
	value is 1.6Ω		A 1	6
				[8]
11 (a)	top line correct, need 24 and 0		B1	
	bottom line correct, need 12 and –1 (accept eta or e for	electron	B1	2
(b)	particles take curved path (accept from diagram)			
	move between the poles at right angles to lines of force		B1	
	move out of paper		B1	3
(c) (i)	(c) (i) use detector to pick up <u>radiation</u> (from isotope at points on/in body etc.)		B1	
	high count where circulation good or v.v. explained		B1	
(ii)	alpha particles all absorbed, none detected			
	beta particles may be largely absorbed, not penetrative enough			
	gamma rays reach detector/leave body	any two	B2	4
				[9]



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 60

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/05

PHYSICS

Practical

	Page	1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 2003	0625	5
1	(b)(c)	Table	e A, 6 temps, decreasing		1
		Table B, 6 temps, decreasing Temp unit			1
					1
		Time unit			1
		Evide	ence of temp to better than 1°C		1
		Cons	sistently better than 1°C		1
	(d)	Grap	h:		
		Time	axis suitable (no '3' scales allowed)		1
		Time	axis labeled		1
		Chec	ck plots at 210 s and 240 s		1
					1
		lines	judgement (best fit curves)		1
			thickness		1
		Both	lines correctly labeled		1
	(e)	Cond	clusion:		
		Corre	ect statement in relation to candidate's lines		1
		Expla	ained with correct reference to gradients		
			(if previous mark scored)		1
					TOTAL 15
2	(b)	x = 2	0.0 (cm)		1
	(c)	y val	ue less than 25 cm		1
		y val	ue to nearest mm		1
	(d)	d = 2	5 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
	(e)	t valu	ue correct arith		1
	(f)	x = 3	0 (cm)		1
		y val	ue in range 30.0 – 37.5 (cm)		1
		d = 3	7.5 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
		all x,	y, d consistently in mm, cm or m (unit stated at least once)		1
		x, y c	d units stated every time		1
		t valu	ue correct arith		1
		t valu	ues within 0.5 cm of each other		1
	(g)	avera	age t; correct method		1
		final	answer to 2/3 sf		1
		with	correct unit		1

	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 2003	0625	5
3	Т	race		
	١	leat thin lines		1
	L	ines complete		1
	A	and B correct positions		1
	١	lew B correct		1
	İ	= r (by eye)		1
	C	CD at least 5 cm		1
	S	Second CD at least 5 cm		1
	S	Straight lines extended to X		1
	×	(A drawn and Y labeled		1
	(j) A	AY correct to 2 mm		1
	Υ	'X correct to 2 mm		1
	A	AY and YX same to within 10 mm		1
	(k) T	hickness of mirror OR thickness of pins OR thickness of lines		1
	(I) F	Precaution (pin separation, view bases, vertical pins)		1
	F	Reason		1
			TC	OTAL 15
4.	(b)–(g) ×	in m, cm or mm		1
	\	' in V		1
	k	in V/m, V/cm or V/mm		1
	C	orrect x values (0.200, 0.400, 0.800 m)		1
	а	Il x to nearest mm		1
	х	consistent sf		1
	е	vidence of V to better than 0.5 V		1
	а	III V to better than 0.5 V		1
	3	k values		1
		Check second k value, correct		1
		Ill k to 2 sf OR all k to 3 sf		1
	а	ll k same to within 10%		1
	(h) (voltage increases with length)		1
	C	OR voltage proportional to length		2
	k	= constant OR figures correctly quoted		1
			TC	OTAL 15

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 2



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06

PHYSICS

Alternative to Practical

	Mark Scheme Syllabus	
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 0625	6
(a)	wind string round more than once	1
	divide measured length by number of turns to find c	1
(b) (i)	correct diagram, blocks parallel, one at each end	1
(ii)	119 mm OR 11.9 cm to 121 mm OR 12.1 cm	1
(c)	V = 32.39 to 32.41 cm ³	1 1
(d)(i)	$V_{\rm m} = 0.5 - 2 {\rm cm}^3$	1
(ii)	correct calculation and 2/3 sf (ignore unit)	1
		TOTAL 8
(a) (i)(ii)	2 neat continuous rays (thickness up to as EF)	1
(iii)	normal where incident ray meets mirror (90° by eye)	1
(iv)	i = $20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ (allow e.c.f. if mark for normal not scored)	1
(b) (i)(ii)	lines complete and neat with AX correctly intersecting	1
(iii)	AY = 5.9 - 6.1 cm AND YX = 5.5 + 0.3 cm	1
(c)	any one from:	
	thickness of mirror	
	thickness of lines	
	thickness of pins	
	judgement of where lines cross	1
		TOTAL
(a)	pointer at 0.35 A	1
(b) (i)	variable resistor/rheostat/potentiometer	1
(ii)	V	1
	A	1
	Ω	1
	One R correct	1
	All R correct (6.129, 5.769, 4, correctly rounded)	1
	Consistent sf for R (either all 2 sf or all 3 sf)	1
	variable resistor/number of cells	1
(iii)	Valtmatar in parallal with registers (or power source)	1
(iii) (c)	Voltmeter in parallel with resistors (or power source)	•
` ,	Ammeter next to X	1
` ,		

	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	6	
4	(a)	Sca	ales: y-axis 1N = 4 cm; x-axis 1m/s2 = 4/5 cm right way	round	1	
		Bot	th axes labelled with quantity and unit		1	
		Plo	its to $\frac{1}{2}$ sq (-1 each error or omission, minimum mark ze	ro)	2	
		Lin	e thickness less than 1 mm and no 'blob' plots	1		
		We	ell judged best fit single straight line	judged best fit single straight line		
	(b)	Lar	ge triangle used (> ½ line) clear on graph		1	
		Inte	erpolation to ½ sq (if large enough trian	gle present)	1	
		Val	lue 1.38 – 1.48		1	
		kg	and 2/3 sf		1	
					TOTAL 10	
5	(a)	Tw	o from:			
		sar	me volume of water			
		sar	ne starting temperature of water			
		sar	ne size/shape/type beakers			
		sar	me thickness/mass/volume of insulator			
		sar	me room temp		2	
	(b)	64°	°C (with unit)		1	
	(c)	В			1	
					TOTAL 4	